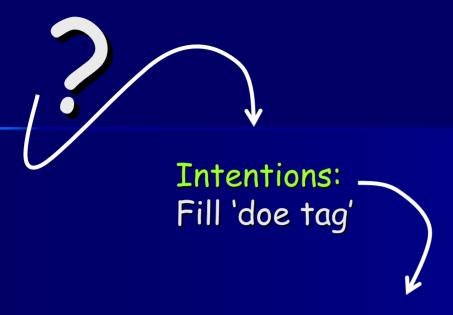
Michigan Deer Hunters: Satisfied Stewards or Coerced Conservationists?

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SURVEY DATA SOURCES

- -1994 [response = 71%; n = 2788]
- •1995 [65%; n = 792]
- •1999 [62%; n = 688]
- •2001 [60%; n = 5470]
 - •all MI QDMA members [82%; n = 350]
- •2002 [60%; n = 2320]
- •2003 two "mobility" surveys
 - •statewide [67%; n = 1919]
 - •NLP (TB area & control co.s) [77%; n = 1894)
- •2003 [78%; n = 764)
- •2003 [66%; n = 1306]

[N = 18,291]

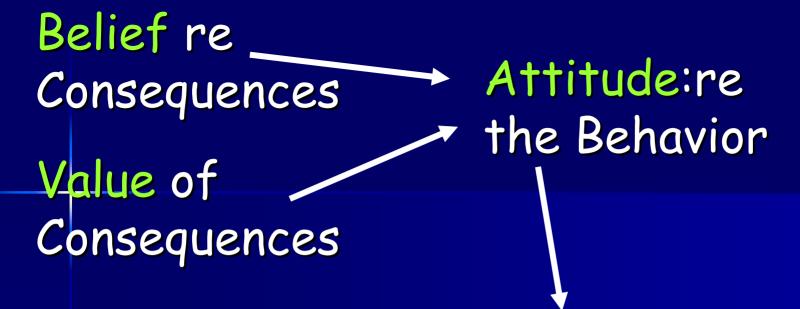


Hunter Behavior: Harvest antlerless deer

> Management Goal: lower deer no.s; reduce deer/auto collisions

Hunter Intentions to Harvest a "Doe"

- Under what conditions would you harvest a doe? (QDM survey)
 - Never (10%)
 - Last resort (31%)
 - Regularly for venison (27%)
 - *Balance Buck/Doe ratio (28%)
 - *If convinced of need to reduce herd (30%)
 - *52% checked one or both of these



Intentions --- Behavior

Attitude: Subjective Norm

Perceived > Behavioral Control

Theory of Planned
Behavior

Beliefs about consequences

Belief re
Consequences

Attitude:re
the Behavior
Consequences

Intentions → Behavior

Positive:

No action = high risk of collisions

Lowering deer no.s = lower risks

Fill "doe tag" = lower risk

Negative:

Lowering deer no.s = impaired hunting quality

Lowering deer no.s z reduce risk e.g., drivers create the risks; risk not related to deer no.s

Fill doe tag 🛫 make a difference

Values Held re Consequences

Belief re
Consequences

Attitude:re
the Behavior
Consequences

colf

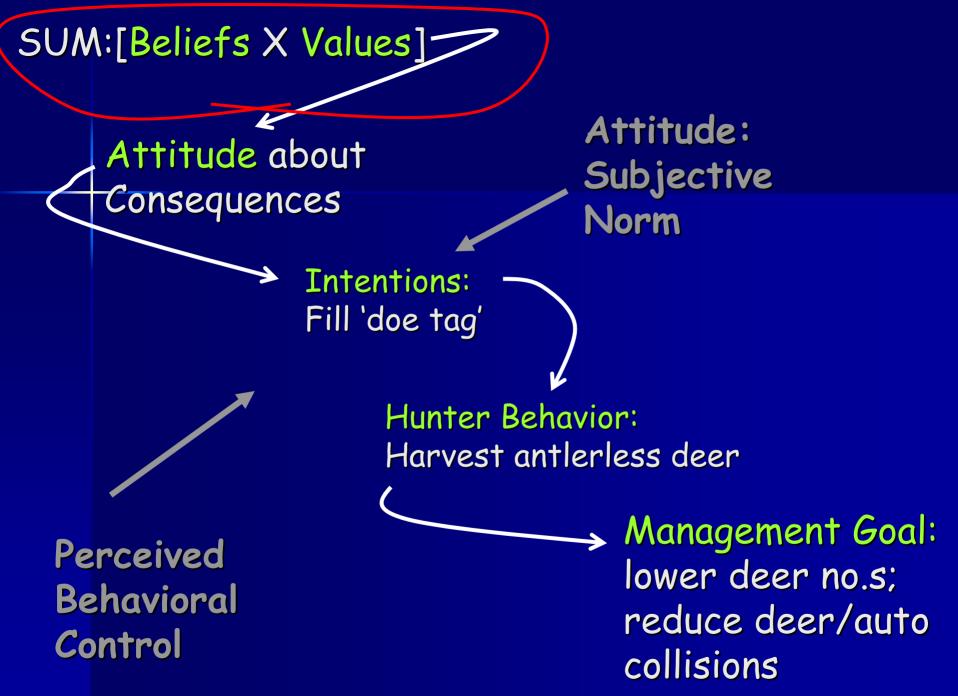
Intentions→ Behavior

- ·Safety of public, family, self
- Hunting Attributes; deer sightings; antler trophy

Assignment of Priorities and Weights

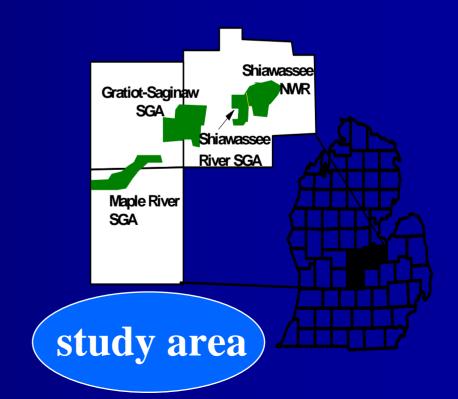
Safety

Hunting
Attributes
Hunting
Attributes
Attributes



DO HUNTER VALUES AND BELIEFS SUPPORT STEWARDSHIP?

CASE STUDY 1: SUPPORT FOR ECOSYSTEM BASED MANAGEMENT



Case Study 1...

Hunters held same values for biodiversity & ecosystem benefits as other study groups (e.g., Sierra Club members).

 Hunter beliefs: ecological attributes and benefits already sufficient

DO HUNTER VALUES AND BELIEFS SUPPORT STEWARDSHIP?

CASE STUDY 2: DEER NUMBERS VS SOCIAL & ECOLOGICAL COSTS (2001 QDM Survey)

Assumption: Stewards would prefer reduction in deer no.s if they acknowledged deer-related problems.

Reported Deer Problems in Their Hunting Area

- TOO MUCH CROP DAMAGE (20%)
- TOO MUCH FOREST DAMAGE (12%)
- TOO MANY CAR-DEER ACCIDENTS (44%)
- 0 DEER PROBLEMS (49%)
- 1 PROBLEM (31%)
- 2 PROBLEMS (13%)
- 3 PROBLEMS (6%)

How Many Deer Preferred?

- FEWER (11%)
- SAME (22%)
- MORE (47%)

 (Greatest demand for more deer in NLP)

STEWARDSHIP: DEER NO.S VS DEER PROBLEMS

- Reported 0 or 1 problem
 - 65% (2091) preferred more deer

- Acknowledged 2 or 3 problems (742)
 - 34% preferred more deer
 - 30% preferred same no.s
 - 36% preferred a reduction (Stewards?)

FROM OTHER STUDIES...

- 83% rated crop losses less important than hunting benefits
- Hunters accepted scenarios with more deercar accidents, deer health problems and forest over-browsing to maintain or increase deer no.s
 - So did many NON-hunters!
 - Hunters accepted even more problems for higher buck: doe ratios
 - But NON-hunters did NOT.

DO HUNTER VALUES AND BELIEFS SUPPORT STEWARDSHIP?

- Most hunters DO place values on costs of deer problems
- Hunters fail to cooperate with or oppose management strategies due to
 - Conflicting beliefs re the actual consequences of deer densities and associated management
 - Competing values for benefits of abundant deer

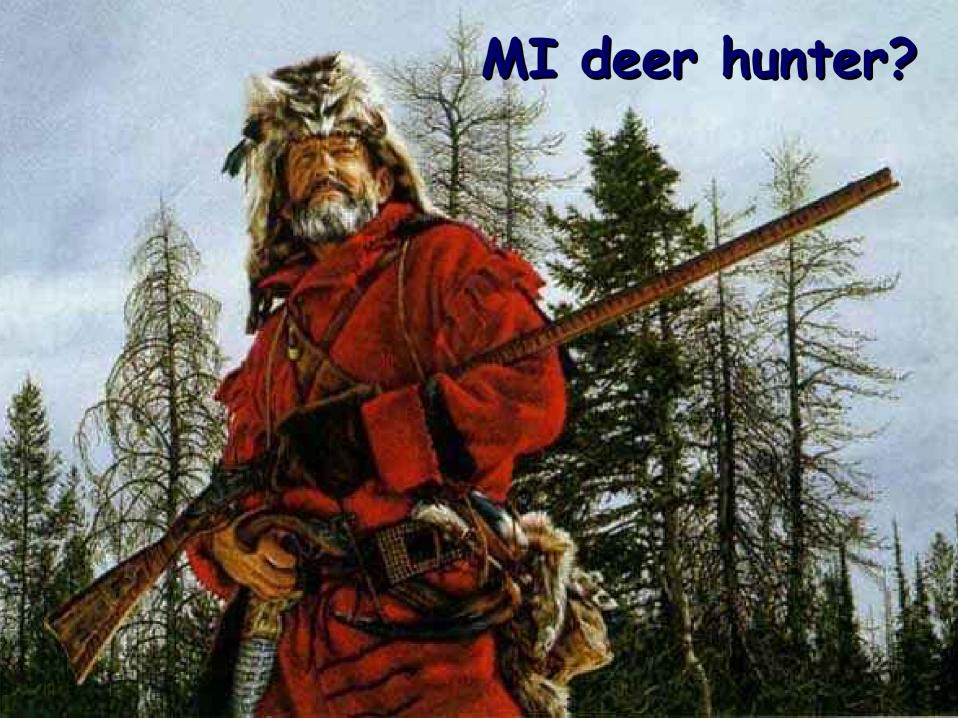
Addressing Hunter Values

Maintain saliency of values

Addressing Hunter Beliefs

- Impacts of abundant deer
 - Ecological
 - Social
- Nature and role of science and politics
- Credibility of science and management
- Deer biology
 - Beliefs about Deer No.s:
 - why intuition over science?

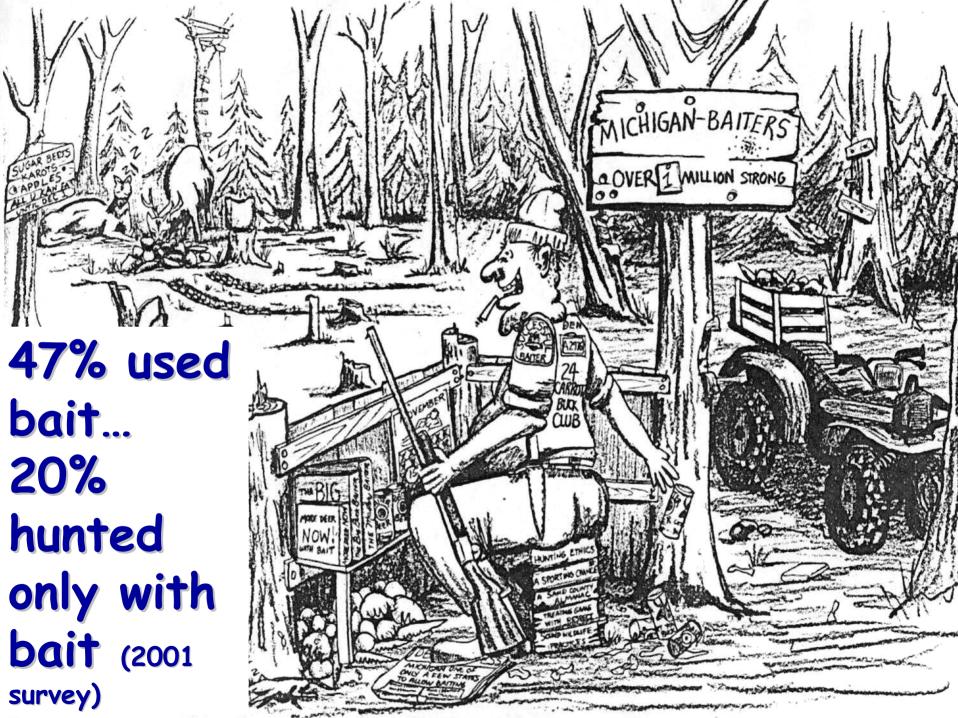




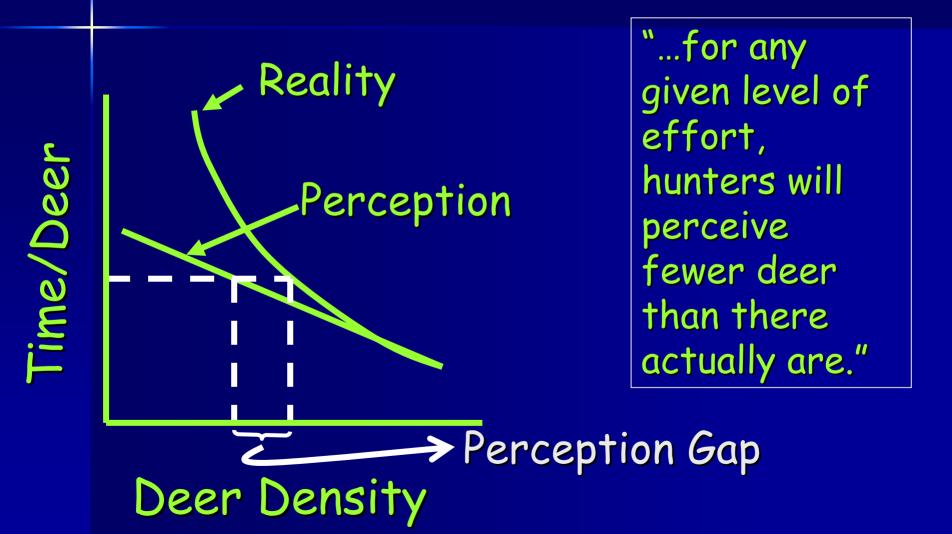
MI Deer Hunters' Observations are Limited Temporally and Spatially

- Hunted 14 days/yr
- Off-seasonscouting: median = 3days
 - 50% reported 0days
- 50% of private land hunters: < 80 acres





Hypothetical Relationship: Hunter Effort, Perceptions and Deer Density Van Deelen and Etter 2003



Is Deer Hunter Satisfaction Incompatible with Michigan's Needs for Stewardship?

Motivational Orientations

Achievement

- Harvest
- Equipment, skills
- Youngest

Appreciative

- Nature
- Hunting experience
- Most successful

Affiliative

- Social
- oldest

Hunter satisfaction is a moving target because...

- motivations...
 - vary with expectations
 - differ among hunter segments
 - vary by season of year
 - are influenced by recreational specialization
 - change over time

Hunter Motivation and "Doe" Harvest

- Participation decline at 45-54 years
- Ave no. deer/hunter
 - Peaked at 25-44 yrs
 - Declined > 50 yrs
- "lower antlerless harvest among older hunters will cause antlerless harvest to lag behind buck harvest"

Is QDM a Solution?

- It Could Be...
 - Focus on Social Carrying Capacity
 - Better Educated Deer Hunters
 - Acceptance of Lower Deer No.s

- But It Isn't...
 - APR Does Not Equal QDM
 - Farming Practices
 - Interest of Private Land Hunters

What To Do?

- No Quick Fixes
- Capitalize on Existing Opportunities (values, leadership)
- Make Credibility a Priority
 - Science
 - Policy setting
- Target Belief Systems
 - Ecology
 - Values at stake
- Active I&E

"... society ... reminds us that hunting is a privilege and not a ... right.

Stewardship is the primary redeeming value that hunting has to offer society in exchange for the privilege..."